## **Miscommunication Worksheet**

Name: Mary\_\_\_

Miscommunication Pattern: Bypassing

Who	Did what / Said what to Whom	2 Contributing Factors	2 Correctives
		Definition 1:	Definition 1:
My friend	<b>Barbara:</b> What time are you picking me up for dinner?	Words have mono-usage—the	Be sensitive to contexts—be
Barbara	, , , , ,	false assumption that a word has	mindful of the situation in which
	Me: I'm picking you up at seven. Don't be late. (I told	only one meaning.	the word was used.
Myself	her this to trick her to be ready on time because she is		
	always late, I didn't think she would be ready at six.)	Application 1:	Application 1:
		I told her not to be "late" not	I will arrive at the time I suggest,
	Barbara: I won't be late.	realizing this was a generic	realizing that she might not be
		reference to time.	late this time.
	(Around 6:30)		
	<b>Barbara</b> : Hey, how come you haven't come to pick me		<b>Definition 2:</b>
	up yet, I've been ready for the past thirty minutes.	Definition 2:	Query and paraphrase:
		Words have meanings—the false	Summarize a speaker and then
	Me: Oh, sorry, I figured you would be late because	assumption meaning is in words	ask clarifying questions
	you're always late. I am on my way!	not people.	
			Application 2:
			I could paraphrase, "So, by 'not
		Application 2:	late' should I be here right at 6,
		I assumed that 30 minutes "late" would not seem "late" to Barbara	or give you a little extra time and arrive at 6:15?"
			affive at 0.13?
		because she is "always" late.	